DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH & HUMAN SERVICES



Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) Atlanta, GA 30329

September 7, 2021

Dear ILINet participant:

Welcome to the U.S. Outpatient Influenza-like Illness Surveillance Network (ILINet) for the 2021-2022 season, which begins October 3, 2021 and ends October 1, 2022. Please begin collecting data during week 40 (October 3-9, 2021) and submit your report to CDC by noon the following Tuesday (October 12, 2021). To report, use the Internet reporting site (http://wwwn.cdc.gov/ILINet/).

We would like to thank you for participating as an ILINet influenza surveillance provider. The ILINet system is an essential component of seasonal and pandemic influenza surveillance and is invaluable in monitoring the impact of influenza-like illness on the health care system, as well as informing policy and resource allocation decisions throughout the 2021-2022 season.

Your participation is even more invaluable during the unprecedented times of the COVID-19 pandemic. Although the primary purpose of ILINet is to ascertain influenza activity, we are aware of the potential of the network to detect COVID-19 circulation and circulation of other respiratory viruses. Therefore, it is of the utmost importance to report in a timely fashion this season and every season.

Enclosed you will find your reporting kit which should include the items listed below. If anything is missing, please contact your influenza surveillance coordinator.

- 1. 2021-2022 ILINet Workfolder. The workfolder contains your reporting record and complete instructions for using the Internet site for data entry. The provider ID code and password needed for Internet reporting are located on first page (upper left corner).
- 2. Case Definition and Reporting Guidelines. Please review this page as it contains basic information about the case definition changes for influenza-like illness (ILI) this season, how to accurately count ILI cases, and guidelines for reporting and retrieving the weekly influenza surveillance report (FluView).
- **3.** There is an option for ILINet providers to voluntarily report the total number of patient visits by ILI age group. Please review these guidelines if you are interested in participating.

As a benefit of participating as an ILINet provider, please visit the *Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report (MMWR)* website (http://www.cdc.gov/mmwr/mmwrsubscribe.html) to sign up to receive an electronic subscription to the *MMWR* series. To receive your copy of the *Emerging Infectious Diseases* journal, please visit their website (http://wwwnc.cdc.gov/eid/subscriptions) where you can choose whether to receive an electronic or paper copy of the journal.

If you have any questions, please contact your influenza surveillance coordinator or call 404-662-1686. We look forward to working with you this season. Thank you for participating in influenza surveillance.

Sincerely,

Arielle Colón, MPH Epidemiologist Influenza Division

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

Noreen Ajayi (Alabi), MPH

Epidemiologist Influenza Division

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

Florida ILINet Provider Enrollment Form

Please complete this form and fax it to: (850) 414-6894, Attention: Florida Influenza Program

Weekly Influenza-Like Illness (ILI) Reporting consists of recording and reporting summary data (total number of patient visits for any reason; number of patient visits for ILI by age group) each week to CDC via the ILINet web portal (www.cdc.gov/ILINet/). The ILI case definition used by CDC for national surveillance is fever ≥100° F and cough and/or sore throat. Reports are submitted for each week, even when no ILI activity is seen.

1.	Will you be able to participate in influenza surveillance petween October 2021 - September 2022?				□ Yes		□ No				
	Please provide all information listed below:										
	Participating Provider's Full Name:										
	Academic Degree(s):				Position Title: (if any)						
	The Department/Office Name:		County:								
2.	Street Address:										
	City:	State:			Zip:						
	Phone Number:			Fax Num							
3.	Please indicate which parts of the program you'd like to participate in (check one) □ Reporticular counts we illiNet			s we	ng patient ekly in	nt □ Collecting and submitting □ Both specimens for influenza testing			Both		
4.	Practice Specialty?		☐ Pediatrics			☐ Internal Medicine					
	, ,	☐ Other (please spec			ecify):						
	Military and a second and a second and a second			- 6				T.	T		
5.	Which category best describes the average number of patients seen for all causes at your location each week? (check one)				□ <25		25-49	□ 50-99	□ 100	-200	□ >200
						T					
6.	Estimate the average number of patients seen for all			I	0-4 yrs	5-	24 yrs	25-49 yrs	50-64	1 yrs	65+ yrs
0.	causes in each age group each week:										
									T		
7.	Please indicate how your practice v	will be		Elec	ctronic case definition						
٠.	counting ILI patients:			Oth	ther method (please specify):						
8.	Name of individual we should contact concerning reporting?			Name:							
9.	Name of individual that will submit reports for your practice?			Name:							
10.	What name should go on a certificate of appreciation (Please print exactly how it is to appear on certificate)?			Name:							
11.	What is your email address?										
12.	2. Would you like to receive Florida weekly influenza reports? ☐ Yes ☐ No										

Thank you for your participation in ILINet Surveillance. If you have any questions about program enrollment or reporting issues, please contact Amy Bogucki at (850) 901-6938.

Mission:

To protect, promote & improve the health of all people in Florida through integrated state, county & community efforts.



Governor

Ron DeSantis

Scott A. Rivkees, MD State Surgeon General

Vision: To be the Healthiest State in the Nation

Florida Department of Health

ILINet Program User Manual 2021

ILINet Program User Manual

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Program Background and Uses

Background:

The ILINet Program is a national outpatient influenza illness surveillance program operated by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) in partnership with local and state health departments. Health care providers (ILINet providers) that participate in the program report information on patient visits for influenza-like illness (ILI) and submit specimens to state laboratories for influenza testing. The national ILINet program consists of more than 2,900 outpatient health care providers in all 50 states, Puerto Rico, the District of Columbia and the U.S. Virgin Islands reporting over 36 million visits by patients each year. Florida has about 110 ILINet providers reporting across the state.

Uses:

In combination with other influenza surveillance data, ILINet data are used to:

- Guide influenza prevention and control activities across the state by tracking when and where influenza
 activity is occurring, determining what influenza viruses are circulating, detecting changes in circulating
 viruses, and measuring the impact influenza infection has on hospitalizations and death.
- Contribute to Florida's weekly influenza surveillance report, the Florida Flu Review (FloridaHealth.gov/FloridaFlu) and CDC's weekly influenza report, FluView (www.cdc.gov/flu/weekly/index.htm).
- Assist CDC in recommending influenza virus strains to be included in the annual influenza vaccine distributed nationwide.

Program Details and Benefits

Details:

- ILINet providers collect and report data electronically to CDC and the Florida Department of Health (DOH) through the ILINet website (page 6). Data and specimens submitted weekly (see reporting schedules, page 10 and 11) include:
 - The total number of patients seen, reported by age group
 - o The number of patients with ILI (see ILI surveillance case definition, page 4), reported by age group
 - Specimens from up to five patients with ILI are sent to the state laboratory for influenza testing (see specimen collection, page 5).

Benefits:

- Participation is at no cost to providers. CDC and DOH pay for all program costs.
 - ILINet providers are given all materials needed to submit weekly reports and collect and ship specimens to the Bureau of Public Health Laboratories (BPHL) for specimen testing.
- Specimens are tested for influenza using real-time reverse transcription polymerase chain reaction (RT-PCR) assays including influenza A subtyping and influenza B lineage determination with high test sensitivity compared to rapid antigen detection testing (page 4).
- Participants take part in a robust state and national surveillance program that influences and enhances influenza prevention and control across the country.

Introduction to Surveillance

The practice of clinical diagnosis and the practice of surveillance are connected concepts. **Clinical diagnoses** are designed to guide evaluation and treatment decisions for **individual patients** while **surveillance** aims to standardize data and evaluate **trends in populations** over time. Surveillance plays a pivotal role in shaping policy decisions and evidence-based clinical and public health practice by turning population-based health data into structured information that helps explain the context of a problem or situation and thereby informs decision making. Analysis and reporting of surveillance data offer a large-scale view of disease trends that may otherwise be unavaliable to clinicans. Data from a clinical perspective may over/under classify information such as infection type prevalence, disease severity, etc., while surveilance data may not capture the subtilties that are found in clinical data.

Frequently Asked Questions

Q: Do ILINet providers need to report even when they do not see ILI in their patients?

A: Yes. Participants should report the total number of patients seen each week, even if no patients that meet the ILI surveillance case definition (page 4) are seen. Reports during times when providers do not see ILI in their patients are needed to calculate baseline and threshold levels. These reports also help to confirm the beginning and end of the influenza season.

Q: Why are ILINet providers required to report each week throughout the year?

A: Consistent reporting allows DOH to track how influenza is spreading and which communities are affected. Reporting data in the summer is crucial since influenza circulates year-round in Florida and summer data may help predict trends for the upcoming season. Complete and accurate information is also needed to compare levels of influenza over time and to establish baselines and thresholds. Annual reporting also provides accurate information for policy makers to make timely decisions about influenza prevention.

Q: Why are baselines and thresholds important?

A: Baselines and thresholds are guides to determine whether the influenza level in a region is low, moderate, or high compared with the expected activity level. Once we know the region's baseline and threshold levels, we can make better decisions on the prevention and control of influenza in Florida.

Q: What costs can ILINet providers expect to pay to participate in ILINet surveillance?

A: None. All costs for influenza surveillance are paid for by CDC and DOH. ILINet providers are given all materials needed to collect and ship specimens to BPHL for testing and to submit weekly reports.

Enrollment Steps

- Fill out the Florida ILINet Provider Enrollment Form (page 12) and fax it to (850) 414-6894.
- 2. Once this is processed, in the next two to three weeks you will receive the following:
 - a. An ILINet enrollment packet from CDC with your ILINet provider ID and password. You will use these to report your data electronically through the ILINet website (page 6). You will also receive program information and an ILINet Workfolder for optional paper reporting, if preferred.
 - b. A package from BPHL including specimen collection and shipment supplies (page 5).

3. Please contact the appropriate party (either BPHL or DOH) with any questions (page 7).

Influenza-Like Illness (ILI) Surveillance Case Definition

Influenza-like Illness (ILI) is defined as:

• Fever (≥ 100°F, 37.8°C) **AND** cough **AND/OR** sore throat

Temperature must be measured either at home or in the office. Report of feeling feverish does not meet the case definition. All patients that meet the ILI case definition above should be included in ILI case counts submitted to CDC. As of the 2021–22 influenza season, all patients who meet symptom criteria should be counted as an ILI case, regardless of if testing was performed in the office and a virus was identified (for example, respiratory syncytial virus). For example, a patient with fever, cough, and vomitting or a patient with fever and cough should be reported as having ILI even if a laboratory result confirms another diagnosis (e.g., a positive strep test). There is no requirement for a positive influenza test (i.e., rapid influenza diganostic test) when counting the number of patients with ILI.

Laboratory Testing

All ILINet surveillance specimens are tested using CDC RT-PCR assays. In recent years, BPHL has improved testing capacity.

- Specimens are screened for influenza A and B. If positive, subtyping is conducted and includes:
 - Influenza A (H3) and A 2009 (H1N1)
 - Influenza B Victoria lineage and Yamagata lineage

ILINet Laboratory Materials Packet

ILINet sites should request supplies for shipping at least one week before the current supply is exhausted. BPHL will fulfill most orders within three business days at no cost. To request additional supplies, use the prepopulated influenza surveillance supply order form included in your materials packet. If this form is unavailable, use the generic form on page 12.

ILINet sites need to call FedEx for pickup when they have specimens ready for transport to BPHL (page 5).

Each supply shipment will contain:

- Viral culturettes (swabs and media)
 - Can be stored at room temperature before specimen collection.
 - Contents of each viral culturette package:
 - One transport vial containing 3.0mL of Universal Transport Medium (UTM)
 - Compatible with rapid antigen and BPHL laboratory tests
 - Two swabs for specimen collection:
 - One Q-tip style nylon fiber swab for throat or nasal sampling

- One flexible nylon fiber nasopharyngeal swab (NP)
- Note: Some providers are not sent NP swabs and instead are sent two Q-tip style swabs. This is up to the discretion of the BPHL

Multiple ice packs

o Frozen blue ice or gel ice cold-packs. Ice packs should be stored in a freezer until use.

Styrofoam coolers in cardboard boxes with air bills

 BPHL will check the air bill for "FedEx Standard Overnight" with the appropriate account chosen for billing. If you receive blank air bills, or misplace the prefilled ones, please contact BPHL (page 7). They will give you the correct information to use and send you correctly filled out air bills ASAP.

Two different types of biohazard bags

- Thin biohazard zip seal bags. One or more is provided for each specimen.
- 95 kPa bags (example right). The 95 kPa bags are the thicker, hard edged biohazard bags. Alreadybagged specimens go into one of these for transport.



Specimen Collection

- 1. Collect a nasopharyngeal, nasal, and/or throat swab. If collecting two swabs, send both in one tube.
 - a. Nasopharyngeal: using the flexible NP swab, insert swab into the nostril parallel to the palate and rotate swab a few times. Leave in place for a few seconds to absorb secretions.
 - b. Nasal: using the Q-tip style swab, insert swab 2 cm (3/4") into nares and rotate against the nasal mucosa.
 - c. Throat: using the Q-tip style swab, vigorously rub swab on both tonsillar surfaces and the posterior pharynx.
- 2. Place swab(s) in transport media. Break off top of shaft at the score and tighten cap securely. Label tube clearly with the **patient's name**, **patient's date of birth**, and **date of collection**. Place in biohazard zip seal bag. Please only place one tube in each biohazard zip seal bag to prevent contamination.
- Complete the specimen submittal form included in laboratory materials packet during enrollment. Please
 make a note if patient has received the current influenza vaccine, has been treated with anti-viral
 medication, and/or is part of an outbreak. Report any suspected outbreaks of influenza or ILI to your local
 county health department.
- 4. Place the specimen in a refrigerator until it is ready for shipment. Once all specimens for a given shipment have been collected, move to the next step.
- 5. Place specimen submittal form in pouch on outside of 95kPa specimen transport bag. Place all bagged specimen(s) into 95 kPa specimen transport bag and seal according to instructions on bag. Place 95kPa bag with specimens into refrigerator. Do not freeze.
- 6. Call FedEx at 1-800-GO FEDEX (1-800-463-3339) to schedule a pickup. This package will be sent FedEx Express Standard Overnight. This is already marked on the provided air bill.

Packing and Shipping Specimens

Please ship specimens Monday through Thursday. **Do not ship specimens on Friday**. If circumstance arises where specimens are urgent and should be considered for weekend testing, please call the laboratory (page 7) to work out staffing and shipping.

Send specimens within two to four days after collection; preferably within two days.

Preparing specimens for FedEx pickup:

- 1. Package specimens approximately one hour before FedEx is due for pickup. Place frozen cold packs and specimen bag in mailing container. Tape box closed.
- 2. Fill out your facility information on the top left of the FedEx air bill. Everything else on the form is filled out automatically prior to being sent to your facility. Please don't change anything on the form or the shipment may be delayed or billed to the wrong organization.
- 3. Remove the sender's copy (top copy) for your records. Remove the backing and affix shipping label to top of mailing container.
- 4. Please fill out your facility information in the sender portion of the address box on the front of the package. Please do not add additional stickers or markings to the box. Your package is now ready for FedEx.

For questions on packaging and shipping, contact the laboratory directly (page 7).

Causes for Specimen Rejection

- 1. Using the wrong type of transport media (i.e. influenza rapid test media, bacterial media, parasite media, Amies media etc.). You must use the UTM provided in the ILINet laboratory materials packet (page 4).
- 2. Specimens received in grossly leaking transport containers (if one leaks, individually bagging allows salvage of the others).
- 3. Dry specimens: The swabs **must** be in the media to preserve the virus for testing.
- 4. Wooden shaft swab: You must use the provided nylon fiber swabs.
- 5. Specimens received in cloudy transport media. This can indicate bacterial contamination and is often a sign of not being kept cool during specimen storage and transport.
- 6. Inappropriate specimen transport conditions:
 - a. Prolonged delay in transport (usually more than 72 hours).
 - b. Specimens stored or transported at room temperature or not sent with sufficient ice packs.
- 7. Unlabeled specimen or name discrepancy between the specimen label and the request form.

Reporting Data through the ILINet Website

Duration: Approximately 5 minutes

Location: www.cdc.gov/ilinet/

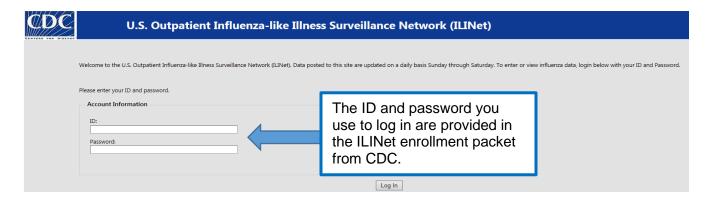
Frequency: Weekly on Tuesday before 4:00 p.m. CST/ 5:00 p.m. EST for the prior report week (Sunday-

Saturday). See the reporting schedules (page 10 and 11).

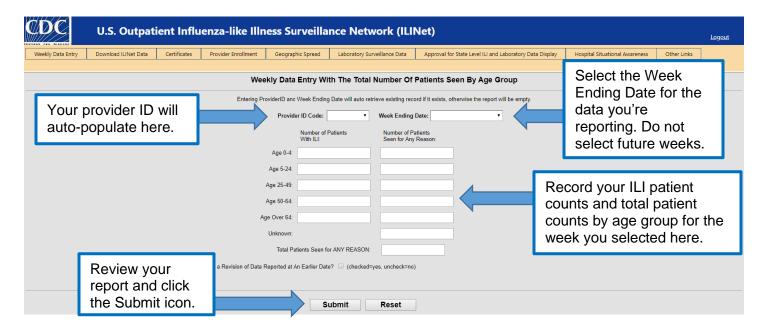
Steps:

1. Open the CDC ILINet website (www.cdc.gov/ilinet/)

a. Enter the ID and login password provided in the ILINet enrollment packet from CDC (page 3).



- 2. A Weekly Data Entry page will open.
- 3. Your Provider ID will auto-populate. Click the link, "Would you like to report total patient visits by age group?" to enter ILI and total patient counts by age.
- 4. Fill out the form below and select "Submit."



Contact Information

The DOH in your county: FloridaHealth.gov/CHDEpiContact The Bureau of Epidemiology:

Amy Bogucki
 Respiratory Disease Epidemiologist
 <u>Amy.Bogucki@flhealth.gov</u>
 (850) 901-6938

The Bureau of Public Health Laboratories (BPHL):

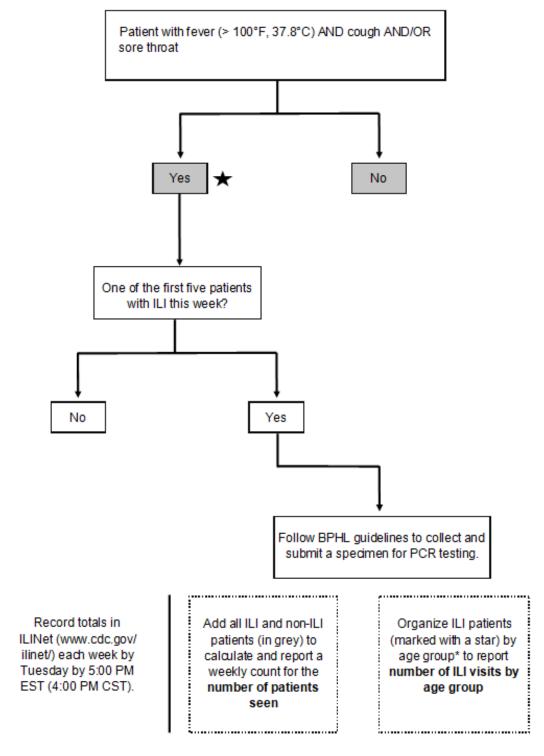
Please contact the BPHL location assigned to your provider. If you do not know which BPHL to contact, reach out to the DOH in your county or the DOH (page 7) or see the map on page 13.

BPHL - Tampa: Edgar Kopp Virology Supervisor Edgar.Kopp@flhealth.gov (813) 233-2260 BPHL - Jacksonville:

 Valerie Mock
 Virology Supervisor
 Valerie.Mock@flhealth.gov
 (904) 791-1539

Weekly Provider Checklist

ILINet Specimen Collection and Reporting Guide



^{*}Age groups include 0-4, 5-24, 25-49, 50-64, and over 64 years old

Influenza Surveillance Reporting Schedule 2021-2022

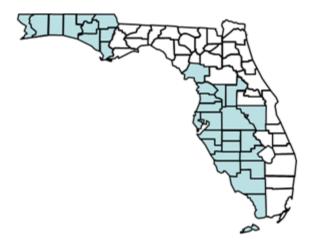
Report Begin Week # (Sunday)		End (Saturday)	Report No Later than 5:00 p.m. on Tuesday	
2021-40	10/3/2021	10/9/2021	10/12/2021	
2021-41	10/10/2021	10/16/2021	10/19/2021	
2021-42	10/17/2021	10/23/2021	10/26/2021	
2021-43	10/24/2021	10/30/2021	11/2/2021	
2021-44	10/31/2021	11/6/2021	11/9/2021	
2021-45	11/7/2021	11/13/2021	11/16/2021	
2021-46	11/14/2021	11/20/2021	11/23/2021	
2021-47	11/21/2021	11/27/2021	11/30/2021	
2021-48	11/28/2021	12/4/2021	12/7/2021	
2021-49	12/5/2021	12/11/2021	12/14/2021	
2021-50	12/12/2021	12/18/2021	12/21/2021	
2021-51	12/19/2021	12/25/2021	12/28/2021	
2021-52	12/26/2021	1/1/2022	1/4/2022	
2022-01	1/2/2022	1/8/2022	1/11/2022	
2022-02	1/9/2022	1/15/2022	1/18/2022	
2022-03	1/16/2022	1/22/2022	1/25/2022	
2022-04	1/23/2022	1/29/2022	2/1/2022	
2022-05	1/30/2022	2/5/2022	2/8/2022	
2022-06	2/6/2022	2/12/2022	2/15/2022	
2022-07	2/13/2022	2/19/2022	2/22/2022	
2022-08	2/20/2022	2/26/2022	3/1/2022	
2022-09	2/27/2022	3/5/2022	3/8/2022	
2022-10	3/6/2022	3/12/2022	3/15/2022	
2022-11	3/13/2022	3/19/2022	3/22/2022	
2022-12	3/20/2022	3/26/2022	3/29/2022	
2022-13	3/27/2022	4/2/2022	4/5/2022	
2022-14	4/3/2022	4/9/2022	4/12/2022	

Report Begin Week# (Sunday)		End (Saturday)	Report No Later than 5:00 p.m. on Tuesday		
2022-15	4/10/2022	4/16/2022	4/19/2022		
2022-16	4/17/2022	4/23/2022	4/26/2022		
2022-17	4/24/2022	4/30/2022	5/3/2022		
2022-18	5/1/2022	5/7/2022	5/10/2022		
2022-19	5/8/2022	5/14/2022	5/17/2022		
2022-20	5/15/2022	5/21/2022	5/24/2022		
2022-21	5/22/2022	5/28/2022	5/31/2022		
2022-22	5/29/2022	6/4/2022	6/7/2022		
2022-23	6/5/2022	6/11/2022	6/14/2022		
2022-24	6/12/2022	6/18/2022	6/21/2022		
2022-25	6/19/2022	6/25/2022	6/28/2022		
2022-26	6/26/2022	7/2/2022	7/5/2022		
2022-27	7/3/2022	7/9/2022	7/12/2022		
2022-28	7/10/2022	7/16/2022	7/19/2022		
2022-29	7/17/2022	7/23/2022	7/26/2022		
2022-30	7/24/2022	7/30/2022	8/2/2022		
2022-31	7/31/2022	8/6/2022	8/9/2022		
2022-32	8/7/2022	8/13/2022	8/16/2022		
2022-33	8/14/2022	8/20/2022	8/23/2022		
2022-34	8/21/2022	8/27/2022	8/30/2022		
2022-35	8/28/2022	9/3/2022	9/6/2022		
2022-36	9/4/2022	9/10/2022	9/13/2022		
2022-37	9/11/2022	9/17/2022	9/20/2022		
2022-38	9/18/2022	9/24/2022	9/27/2022		
2022-39	9/25/2022	10/1/2022	10/4/2022		
2022-40	10/2/2022	10/8/2022	10/11/2022		

Which BPHL Location Should I Use?

County	Assigned BPHL				
County	Location				
Alachua	Jacksonville				
Baker	Jacksonville				
Bay	Tampa				
Bradford	Jacksonville				
Brevard	Jacksonville				
Broward	Jacksonville				
Calhoun	Tampa				
Charlotte	Tampa				
Citrus	Tampa				
Clay	Jacksonville				
Collier	Tampa				
Columbia	Jacksonville				
DeSoto	Tampa				
Dixie	Jacksonville				
Duval	Jacksonville				
Escambia	Tampa				
Flagler	Jacksonville				
Franklin	Jacksonville				
Gadsden	Jacksonville				
Gilchrist	Jacksonville				
Glades	Tampa				
Gulf	Tampa				
Hamilton	Jacksonville				
Hardee	Tampa				
Hendry	Tampa				
Hernando	Tampa				
Highlands	Tampa				
Hillsborough	Tampa				
Holmes	Tampa				
Indian River	Jacksonville				
Jackson	Tampa				
Jefferson	Jacksonville				
Lafayette Lake	Jacksonville				
Lee	Tampa Tampa				
Leon	Jacksonville				
	Tampa				
Levy	Jacksonville				
Liberty					
Madison	Jacksonville				

County	Assigned BPHL
continued	Location continued
Manatee	Tampa
Marion	Tampa
Martin	Jacksonville
Miami-Dade	Jacksonville
Monroe	Tampa
Nassau	Jacksonville
Okaloosa	Tampa
Okeechobee	Jacksonville
Orange	Jacksonville
Osceola	Tampa
Palm Beach	Jacksonville
Pasco	Tampa
Pinellas	Tampa
Polk	Tampa
Putnam	Jacksonville
Santa Rosa	Tampa
Sarasota	Tampa
Seminole	Jacksonville
St. Johns	Jacksonville
St. Lucie	Jacksonville
Sumter	Tampa
Suwannee	Jacksonville
Taylor	Jacksonville
Union	Jacksonville
Volusia	Jacksonville
Wakulla	Jacksonville
Walton	Tampa
Washington	Tampa



Florida ILINet Provider Enrollment Form

Please complete this form and fax it to: (850) 414-6894, Attention: Florida Influenza Program

Weekly Influenza-Like Illness (ILI) Reporting consists of recording and reporting summary data (total number of patient visits for any reason; number of patient visits for ILI by age group) each week to CDC via the ILINet web portal (www.cdc.gov/ILINet/). The ILI case definition used by CDC for national surveillance is fever ≥100° F and cough and/or sore throat. Reports are submitted for each week, even when no ILI activity is seen.

1.	Will you be able to participate in influenza surveillance for October 2021 - September 2022? (please circle)						No		
Please provide all information listed below:									
	Participating Provider's Full Name								
	Academic Degree(s)	Position Title	e (if any)						
2.	The Department/Office Name		County						
	Street Address								
	City	State			Zip				
	Phone Number		Fax Number	,					
3.	Please indicate which parts of the program you'd like to participate in (check one):	counts weekly in speci			Collecting and submitting pecimens for influenza sting		☐ Both		
4.	Practice Specialty? (please circle) Family Practice Other (please specify):			Pediatrics			Internal M	edicine	
	Other (prease sp	,	,						
_	Which category best describes the average number of patients		<25	25-49	50-99		100-200	>200	
5.	seen for all causes at your location each week? (check or	ne)							
	Estimate the average number of patients seen for all cau	ıses in	0-4 yrs	5-24 yrs	25-49 yrs		50-64 yrs	65+ yrs	
6.	each age group each week:								
	Please indicate how your practice will be counting ILI	lectronic case definition			☐ Manual case count				
7.	patients		Other method (please specify):						
8.	Name of individual we should contact concerning reporting?			Name:					
9.	Name of individual that will submit reports for your pract	Name:							
10.	What name should go on a certificate of appreciation (Please print exactly how it is to appear on certificate)?	Name:							
11.	11. What is your email address?								
12.	Would you like to receive Florida weekly influenza ☐ Yes ☐ No								

Thank you for your participation in ILINet Surveillance. If you have any questions about program enrollment or reporting issues, please contact Amy Bogucki at (850) 901-6938.

To protect, promote & improve the health of all people in Florida through integrated state, county & community efforts.



Ron DeSantis Governor

Scott A. Rivkees, MD State Surgeon General

Vision: To be the Healthiest State in the Nation

Influenza Surveillance Supply Order Form

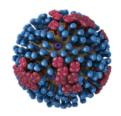
Choose only one of these ways to order more supplies:

- 1) Include this form with a shipment of specimens to your **designated*** lab (keep a copy)
- 2) Fax this form to your **designated*** lab: Tampa (813) 233-2380 or Jacksonville (904) 791-1542
- 3) Email this information to your **designated*** lab:
 Tampa <u>TampaVirology@flhealth.gov</u> or Jacksonville <u>Valerie.Mock@flhealth.gov</u>

Please use this form **BEFORE** supplies are exhausted. Allow about 1 week for delivery.

Please send the Influenza Surveillance supplies requested below							
☐ Complete Kit (swabs, boxes and FedEx labels)							
	<u>OR</u>						
	ONE of the following:						
☐ Swabs only	☐ Shipping boxes & FedEx labels only	☐ FedEx labels only					
Requestor Information							
Contact Name:							
Practice Name:							
Practice Address:							
Contact Phone Number:							

Guidelines for Weekly Reporting



Influenza-like Illness (ILI) case definition:

fever (≥ 100°F, 37.8°C)* AND cough and/or sore throat
*Temperature MUST BE MEASURED either at home or in the office.
Report of feeling feverish does not meet the case definition.

- Each week, you should report the counts of ILI using the standard case definition by age group (0-4 years, 5-24 years, 25-49 years, 50-64 years, and >64 years) and **the total number of patients seen for any reason**.
- Please report each week even if **no** patients were seen with influenza-like illness. It is important to know both when you are seeing ILI and when you are not seeing ILI.
- Please report <u>all</u> patients that meet the ILI case definition above <u>even in the event</u> of diagnostic tests confirming a cause other than influenza. For example, a patient with fever, cough, and vomiting or a patient with fever, cough, and sore throat should be reported as having ILI if a laboratory result confirms another diagnosis (e.g., positive for RSV).
- Please report <u>only</u> those patients that meet the ILI case definition. For example, a patient with fever, chills, body aches, and nasal congestion but no cough or sore throat is not considered an ILI case.
- It is important to note that there is no requirement for a positive influenza test (i.e. rapid influenza diagnostic test) when counting the number of patients with ILI.
- The weekly influenza surveillance report is available at http://www.cdc.gov/flu/weekly/.

Instructions for Optional Weekly Reporting of Total Patient Visits by Age Group

- There is an **OPTION** for ILINet providers to report the total number of patients seen by age.
- If you choose to provide total patient visits by ILI age group, please submit only one weekly ILINet report each week. It is not necessary to submit a report with and without total patient visits by ILI age group.
- This information will be invaluable in calculating the age-group specific impact of circulating influenza viruses on outpatient visits for ILI.
- If you would like to participate, please review the following instructions:
 - 1. Login to the ILINet website (http://wwwn.cdc.gov/ILINet/) and select the link "Would you like to report total patient visits by age group?"
 - 2. Report the number of patients with ILI AND the number of patients seen for any reason by the ILI age groups (0-4 years, 5-24 years, 25-49 years, 50-64 years, >64 years, and/or unknown) along with the total of patients seen for any reason.
 - 3. Please ensure that the number of patients seen for any reason by age group **equals** the total patients seen for any reason.
 - 4. Select **Submit**. If data displayed are incorrect, re-enter the correct report, indicate that this entry is a revision of previously reported data, and select **Submit**.

